

## FLEET COST CONTAINMENT

Strategies to Minimize Losses

Presented by: SCS Agency Inc

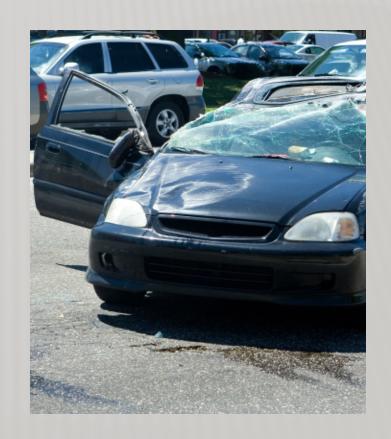
## THE COST OF MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

Transportation incidents were the leading cause of work-related fatalities in 2019 (2,122 fatalities) – nearly 40% of all occupational fatalities.

Of all transportation fatalities:

60% occurred on roadways 18% involved pedestrians

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)



## THE COST OF MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

### DID YOU KNOW...?

Transportation incidents caused more on-the-job fatalities in 2019 than falls and injuries as a result of contact with objects and equipment <a href="mailto:combined">combined</a>

Source: BLS



### AGENDA

### Learn how to:

- " Establish a formal fleet safety policy
- " Conduct pre-accident planning education
- " Provide initial and ongoing driver training
- ü Perform regular vehicle maintenance
- Use one insurance carrier to streamline claims handling procedures

## 1. Establish a written Fleet Safety Policy

Policy should outline requirements, procedures and standards for:

- Recruitment
- Alcohol and Controlled Substances Testing
- Job Duties
- Training
- Scheduled and Incidental Maintenance
- Accident Investigation
- Personal Use of Company Vehicles



Other important aspects of a Fleet Safety Policy:

Actively review and update policy annually

Require all employees to read and sign off on policy

You, as management, must show your commitment to the policy by actively enforcing its provisions and updating them as necessary. Lead by example; employees will only take fleet safety seriously and follow the policy if you do the same.

# 2. Establish pre-employment screening and new hire driving requirements

### Consider:

Past driving experience

Past employer references

Types of vehicles driven

Past motor vehicle violations (both on and off the job)

Uniform standards and a comprehensive application will allow you to expose irresponsible, hazardous drivers

## 3. Enact alcohol and controlled substance screening policies

Alcohol and controlled substance tests should be

required:

Pre-employment

Post-accident

If reasonable suspicion arises

At random

Drug screening policies could lower your costs

Effective random/reasonable suspicion alcohol and controlled substance screening policies will:

Be conducted as soon as a supervisor observes behavior or appearance characteristic of substance abuse

Be collected on a random, unannounced basis

Be conducted before an individual returns to work following an alcohol policy violation

Contain explicit consequences for refusal or failure to test, up to and including termination



Effective post-accident alcohol and controlled substance screening policies will:

Go into effect when a driver receives a moving traffic violation OR whenever there is a fatality

Require a strict timeline (example: test must be taken within two hours of accident)

Contain explicit consequences for refusal or failure to test post-accident, up to and including termination

### 4. Determine driver acceptability criteria

All members of management should agree on prospective driver criteria

Consistently and carefully choosing good drivers will allow you to save in accident costs down the road

FMCSA reports that it is riskier to hire drivers who are:

Younger (18-25 years old)

Less experienced

Have a documented sleep disorder

Impulsive in nature

Generally aggressive or angry toward others

### 5. Develop a cell phone/handheld device policy

Most states now have cell phone use laws of some kind in place

Studies show using a cell phone while driving is just as dangerous – if not more so – as driving under the influence

Consider prohibiting cell phone use behind the wheel while on the job even if your state does not do so

Carefully outline what constitutes proper and improper cell phone use

An effective cellphone/handheld device use policy will:

Define what constitutes a cellphone or handheld device

Be specific and address all possibilities, including handset vs. headset use, text messaging, surfing the Web, GPS use, etc.

Briefly address other driving distractions, including, but not limited to, touching stereo dials, eating, drinking or talking to passengers



Location: Effective Date (Effective\_Date) Revision Number 1

cialname] recognizes that employees are our most valuable asset and that they are the most important contributors t numeliginavith and sussess. Thus, we are firmly committed to employee safety and will do everything possible to confusions excluded.

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### SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY

The Celiphone Electronic Device Use Policy applies to all employees of JC\_Officialname] who fit any or all of the following others:

- . Driving on [C\_Officialname] business in any vehicle, personal protherwise
- . Driving a company car, whether on company business or not
- Placing work related calls, whether driving an company business or not

### EFINITIONS.

- Celiphone (pixo known as a mobile phone, smart phone, handheld cell or handset) a mobile electronic device that
  engage in halecommunisation including vices calls, fact messaging princip message service (SMS) and one—mail.
   Celiphone as it on valground in flature like complicis informationess, general, cultimoda messaging partices (MMS),
  instant messaging (Mill) service, digital sudo (MFS) (silvyer, camerae, radios and global positioning systems (OPS), Any
  devices that increases in these factories is included in the solities.
- Electronic device in this policy, electronic devicements any portable apparatus that involves user interaction. This includes, but is not limited to, leptops, OPS systems, MPS players, cameras, pagers and personal digital assistants. (ODA-4).
- Headset (also known as handle-fee) an extension of the celiphone either connected to the handset via cord or wiselessly through Stuetosth technology that allows the user to engage in voice communication without holding onto the celiphone-stuef.

### PROCEDURE

The following procedures apply to all [C\_Officialname]employees falling under the conditions outlined above in SCOPS AND

### Prepared by [5\_Officialrams]

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## 6. Review policies with new employees at orientation and periodically with active employees

Offer materials in workers' native languages

Consider annually re-training active employees

Re-train employees after they are involved in an accident

Develop a system for keeping track of when employees received their most recent training session

Hold mandatory monthly safety meetings covering hot topics

Provide employees with constant policy reminders to keep safety and loss control top-of-mind

Provide pre-accident training, highlighting:

Correct use of provided accident kit

Proper accident procedures

Proper recordkeeping procedures

What to do in case of medical emergency

What to do in case of HAZMAT emergency

Supplying drivers with an accident kit in their glove box that includes:

Emergency contact numbers

Accident report form

Blank paper

Pen

Disposable camera

This will help document the events of an accident to ensure there is accurate, reliable information when filing a claim



Vehicle
Accident Report:
What to do in the
Event of a Claim

ABC Company



If the vehicle contains hazardous materials, also include these items in the accident kit:

Duct tape

Plastic sheeting

Scissors

These items could be crucial in an accident that involves a HAZMAT unit response

### Educate drivers on accident procedures:

Turn on hazards or otherwise warn other drivers that an accident has occurred to avoid further mishaps

Immediately contact police

Only get out of the vehicle if it is safe to do so

If it is not safe to exit, stay in vehicle with seat belt on

Do not admit fault

Only discuss details of the accident with the police

Report accident to employer immediately

# Educate drivers on recordkeeping procedures:

- Record incident details on Accident Report Form
- Include details on other people involved and any witnesses
- Note names of all passengers involved
- Take photos of both vehicles involved in the accident

### Motor Vehicle Accident Reporting Procedures

Drivers on the road represent your company. They need to do the same when involved an accident. The initial facts gathered after the accidents will say the foundation for potential lawsuits. It is important drivers realize this and act appropriately as to not solicit legal action. To mispate potential losses, provide your drivers with the right tools and accident reporting procedures.

### Provide an Accident Kit

Supplying your drivers with an accident kit in their glove box is a good first step in documenting the events of the accident. The kit should include:

- . Emergency contact numbers so drivers know who to call
- Accident Report form addressing the who, what, how and why questions that will surface.
- Blank paper to obtain witness information
- A pen
- · A disposable camera to document damage

### 5 Key Points for Recording an Accident

- 1. Contact police immediately.
- Do not admit fault. Do not discuss the details of the accident with anyone except the police.
- Record accident details on the Accident Report Form (included in the accident kit), including information about other people involved in the accident or anyone who may have wintessed the accident, noting both the number of passengers and their names.
- 4. Take photos of the accident, if camera available.
- 5. Report accident to employer immediately.

These simple but important steps will provide important details in relaying the accident details to the claims adjuster. Attempts to seek higher claim values from an injured party can be defended based on these facts, he playing to control your insurance costs.

For more information about fleet and driver safety, please contact [B\_Officialname] at [B\_Phone].

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# Educate drivers on medical emergency procedures:

Seek medical attention as soon as possible if anyone on the scene is injured

Give reasonable assistance until professional help arrives to injured parties if you are fit and able

Do not administer first aid unless trained, qualified and comfortable enough to do so

If unable to drive, contact dispatcher and coordinate arrangements for pick up of cargo



Educate drivers on HAZMAT emergency procedures:

Contact dispatcher immediately Coordinate a HAZMAT unit as soon as possible

Evacuate vehicle if safe to do so

If you must remain in vehicle, shut
windows, close vents and turn off
air conditioner and heater

### VEHICLE INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

Keep detailed records of vehicle maintenance and inspections, including dates of service

Require drivers to complete – and sign off on – a basic vehicle maintenance checklist daily

Follow up promptly on any problems/issues drivers note in daily inspection log

### VEHICLE INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

Critical daily maintenance items include:

Brakes

Steering

Windows

Tires

Lights

Windshield Wipers

Suspension

Mirrors



Full-vehicle preventative maintenance should be conducted once a year, or as needed, by a professional

## CARRIER CONSIDERATIONS

Consider using **one** insurance carrier:

Reduces cost and administrative headaches

Streamlines claims management process



# FLEET COST CONTROL STRATEGY SUMMARY

- Establish a formal fleet safety policy
- Determine new driver acceptability criteria
- Establish pre-employment screening requirements
- Develop a cell phone/handheld device use policy
- Review all policies/procedures with new employees and at least annually with active employees
- Provide pre-accident training for all employees
- Require regular vehicle inspection and maintenance
- Use one insurance carrier to streamline claims process

### **OUR EXPERTISE**

## SCS Agency Inc

We have the loss control experience and resources to help you *manage* your fleet program, *promote* a safety -minded culture and *reduce* the financial burden of vehicle-related accidents.